HOUSEHOLD WASTE CHART*

The following chart from the Water Environment Federation will show you effective ways to dispose of household waste and contribute to a sustainable clean environment.

Blue waves so indicate products which can be not red.

Blue waves ≈ indicate products which can be poured down the drain with plenty of water. If you have a septic tank, additional caution should be exercised when dumping these items down the drain. In fact, because septic systems rely on healthy bacteria, there are certain chemical substances that cannot be used with them. Be sure to read the labels to determine if a product could damage septic systems.

TYPE OF WASTE															
shaves, or other ss, waxes)	4 4	4 4	4 4 4	4 4 44	4 4 444	4 4 4444									
Personal care products (aftershaves, perfumes, depilatories, permanent or other claivers, nail polish, dyes, waxes)	or drugs	4 4	4 4 4	4 4 44	4 4 444	1 1 111									
	Pharmaceutical products or drugs (expired or used)	→	4 4	4 4	4 444	4 444				3	3 1		3		
	ding oil from	ding oil from	ding oil from		TYPE OF WASTE	2	a a	4	4	a a	2	₩	Ammonia-based cleaners Bug sprays Orain cleaners	w w	

Yellow triangles ▼ indicate materials which should not be goured down the drain, but can be safely disposed of in a sanitary landfill or incinerator. Note that medicines can often be taken to a community drug take-back program or mixed with undestrable substances such as kirty litter or coffee grounds. Pills (except narcotics) can also be dissolved and mixed with regular trash. Be sure the material is properly contained before it is put out for collection or carried to the landfill. The red octagons ⊗ indicate hazardous wastes or materials that should be saved for a community-wide collection day or given to a licensed hazardous waste contractor when left over or unused. (Even the empty containers should be taken to a licensed contractor if one is available.)

8		
		Primer
⊗ Ø		Paint thinner
8		Paint stripper (lye base)
8		Paint stripper
	n	Paint brush cleaner with TSP
⊗ Ø		Paint brush cleaner with solvent
8		Paint (model)
8		Paint (auto)
8		Paint (oil based)
1		Paint (latex)
	u	Glue (water based)
8		Glue (solvent based)
8		Deck cleaners/stains
8		Cutting oil
TYPE OF WASTE DISPOSAL	TYPE OF W	WORKSHOP
8		Other oils
8		Motor oil
8		Metal polish with solvent
8		Kerosene
8		Gasoline
8		Fuel oil
8		Fuel additives
8		Diesel fuel
8		Car wax with solvent
⊗		Brake fluid
⊗ Ø		Battery acid (or battery)
8		Auto body repair products
⊗ Ø		Automatic transmission fluid
⊗ Ø		Antifreeze

Green leaves \(\bigcirc\) indicate material that can be recycled or reused or shared with neighbors or family members. If there is a recycling program in your area, take the materials there. If not, encourage local officials to start a recycling program.

'The information contained in this chart is intended as a general guideline. Laws and regulations may vary from state to state. For more information on the safest way to dispose of these and other products, contact your area's solid and hazardous waste department or federal or state environmental agency. Check manufacturer's label for specific disposal guidelines.

	4	White-out used for corrections)
⊗		Swimming pool chemicals
8		Shoe polish
8		Photographic chemicals
	4	Pet care products (flea and tick repellent)
8		Fluorescent light bulbs
8		Old fire alarms
8		Moth balls
8		Mercury batteries
8		Lighter fluid
8		Gun clearing solvents
8		Fiberglass epoxy
8		Dry cleaning solvents
8		Cellular phones
	<	Cat litter
8		Artists' paints (oil based)
	4	Artists' paints (acrylic)
8		Ammunition
8		Aerosol cans (not empty)
	4	Aerosol cans (empty)
DISPC	TYPE OF WASTE DISPOSAL	MISCELLANEOUS TYPE O
\otimes		Wood preservative
8		Varnish
\otimes		Turpentine
ı	I FE OF WAS IE DISPUSAL	WORKSHUP, COIL.

- ≈ Can be poured down the drain with plenty of water.
 ✓ Cannot be poured down the drain, but can be
- Cannot be poured down the drain, but can be safely disposed of in a sanitary landfill or incinerator.
- ⊗ − Hazardous wastes.
- Recycle, reuse, or share